

The ten Ottawas, who were joined by some Algonquins, Sokokis, and Nipissings, formed a separate party, whom the Baron de Bekancourt undertook to lead.¹

1696.

The troops were divided into four battalions, of two hundred men each, under the orders of four veterans, captains de la Durantaye, de Muys, du Mesnil and the Chevalier de Grais. The Canadian militia were also formed into four battalions. That from Quebec was commanded by Mr. de St. Martin, second captain; that from Beaupré by Lieutenant de Grandville; that from Three Rivers by Mr. de Grandpré, Major of that place, and that from Montreal by Mr. de Chambauts, Attorney General in that city. Captain de Subercase discharged the duties of Major General, and each battalion of regulars and of militia had its Adjutant.

On the 6th the army proceeded to encamp on Isle Perrot, and the next day, it moved forward in this order. Mr. de Callieres led the van, composed of the first party of Indians, and two battalions of regulars; it was preceded by two large batteaux carrying the Commissary of the Artillery with two field pieces, mortars for throwing grenades, fireworks, and other similar munitions. Some canoes managed by Canadians kept them company, with all kinds of provisions.

It moves
from la
Chine.

Count de Frontenac followed, surrounded by canoes, carrying his household and baggage, and a considerable number of volunteers, having with him le Vasseur, chief engineer. The four battalions of militia, more numerous than the regulars, formed the main body, commanded under the General by Mr. de Ramezai; while the two other battalions of regulars with the second party of In-

of Charles le Gardeur, Sieur de Tilly, 1694, captain 1714, chevalier of St. Louis 1724, died 1733.
Mary Barbara de St. Ours, sister of the heroine, Mary Anne de St. Ours (De la Potherie, Hist. de l'Amerique Sept., iii., p. 91): garde marine in

¹ De la Potherie, iii., p. 273, misprints Beraucour. The Relation 1695-6. N. Y. Col. Doc., ix., p. 650, says Sr. de Beaucour.